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**Montana History Second Semester Exam**

**Chapter 9**

1. **Provide three reasons that explain why there was a significant need for railroads to develop in Montana? (6pts)**
2. **What was Montana’s first railroad company? How did it contribute to population growth? How did it affect the Crow Reservation and the Northern tribes respectively? (8pts)**

**Chapter 10**

1. **Montana’s early government was highly divided. How did the following people and concepts each contribute to that division: Industry tycoons, farmers and ranchers, the mining industry, Marcus Daly, William Clark, Montana’s capital, and newspapers. (14pts)**
2. **There was significant conflict between Montana’s workers and industry during the earlier parts of Montana history. Write an essay using each of the people and concepts below that explain that history: Labor unions, the Populist Party, Frederick Augustus Heinze, Standard Oil, the Montana Supreme Court, competition. (12pts)**

**Chapter 11**

1. **Tribal life on Reservations was difficult to say the least. Provide three reasons that explain why starvation was a problem for tribes. Also, in what two ways did federal agents impact tribal life? (10pts)**
2. **Briefly describe the four Native traditions that were often forbidden by the federal government? Too, in what two ways did tribes resist federal oppression of their culture? (10pts)**

**Chapter 12**

1. **Which three groups pressured Montana timber mills to make more lumber? How did the government respond to such pressure? Also, describe the government’s relationship with the tribes concerning tribal forest land? (10pts)**
2. **What role did technology, climate, isolation, labor unions, and strikes each play in lumberjack life? (10pts)**

**Chapter 13**

1. **The Homestead Act of 1862 played a significant role in Montana’s first settlements. What were some places that were actually classified as “homesteads”? Who were classified as actual “homesteaders”? What were some things that homesteaders had to do to keep their homestead? (12pts)**

**Chapter 14**

1. **Agricultural and the Reservation system each played a large role in town development. Discuss how each of the following items contributed to how these towns developed: farmsteads, ranches, roads, the railroad, rivers, and schools. (12pts)**
2. **Explain why “X” and “T” infrastructure pattern were each utilized in some towns’ development. Also, what roles did schools and churches each play in promoting a sense of community in towns. (8pts)**

**Chapter 15**

1. **Write a brief essay outlining the main points of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company. Be sure to address the issues of control, size, newspapers, and its nickname.**
2. **From an election process point of view, Montanans gained a greater voice in politics by the early 1900s. Explain how the following items contributed to such a voice: primary elections, the selection of Senators, ballet initiatives, and referendums.**