**Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**World History Topic 16 Essay Exam (Part 2) Global Convergence (1415-1763)**

**Directions: Be sure to use complete sentences and address each part of the question. (64pts)**

**Lesson # 4 Questions:**

1. **Portugal had a close relationship with Brazil. Analyze how the Line of Demarcation, the Treaty of Tordesillas, royal governors, and brazilwood trees each shaped that relationship. (8pts)**
2. **Portugal’s empire had highs and lows. Analyze the role of Christianity, Jesuits, the Netherlands, French, English, and privateers each played in determining those highs and lows. (12pts)**

**Lesson # 5 Questions:**

1. **The Columbia Exchange and Mercantilism were two vital parts of global trade. Describe how crops, sugar, and slaves each shaped the Columbia Exchange; and explain how trade and colonies each shaped mercantilism. (10pts)**
2. **In the context of Europe’s commercial revolution, differentiate between the meanings of capitalism, inflation, population growth, private land ownership, competition, and the middle class. (12pts)**

**Lesson # 6 Questions:**

1. **Three nations established colonies in North America, identify each one. Second, identify the primary economic driver of each colony. (12pts)**
2. **Construct an essay that explains why England emerged as the strongest nation in North America. Be sure to address each of the following items in your response: trade, slaves, Native Americans, the colonists, and the Mississippi River. (10pts)**